	Case 2:12-cr-00168-JCM-PAL Docume	nt 59 Filed 05/13/14 Page 1 of 2	
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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
7	DISTRIC	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
8	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	2:12-CR-168 JCM (PAL)	
9	Plaintiff(s),		
10			
11	V.		
12	PEDRO ALVAREZ-SANCHEZ,		
13	Defendant(s).		
14		ORDER	
15	Presently before the court is petitioner Pedro Alvarez-Shanchez's motion to vacate pursuant		
16	to 28 U.S.C. section 2255. (Doc. # 50). In response, the government filed a motion to dismiss the		
17	section 2255 motion. (Doc. # 54).		
18	On April 17, 2013, following a guilty plea, the court sentenced petitioner to fifty-six months		
19	in custody on one count of illegal reentry by a deported alien in violation of 8 U.S.C. section 1326.		
20	(Docs. ## 41 & 42). Petitioner timely filed an appeal to the Ninth Circuit on April 25, 2013. On		
21	December 30, 2013, the Ninth Circuit affirmed petitioner's sentence in a memorandum disposition.		
22	(Doc. # 53).		
23	All but one of the arguments raised in petitioner's motion are identical to those raised in his		
24	direct appeal, and are therefore not reviewable by this court. See United States v. Hayes, 231 F.3d		
25	1132, 1139 (9th Cir. 2000) ("When a defendant has raised a claim and has been given a full and fair		
26	opportunity to litigate it on direct appeal, that claim may not be used as basis for a subsequent § 2255		
27	petition.").		
28			
James C. Mahan U.S. District Judge			

Case 2:12-cr-00168-JCM-PAL Document 59 Filed 05/13/14 Page 2 of 2

In addition to reiterating the arguments made in his direct appeal, petitioner asserts that the		
court should have applied a downward departure due to petitioner's status as an illegal alien		
Petitioner observes that United States citizens are often allowed to serve part of a custodial term in		
a residential reentry center. He argues that because his status as an illegal alien renders him ineligible		
for a residential reentry center, the Equal Protection Clause requires that his sentence be reduced		
However, the Ninth Circuit has expressly held that illegal aliens convicted of violating 8 U.S.C		
1326(a), such as petitioner, may not receive a downward departure on the basis of their illegal status		
See United States v. Martinez-Ramos, 184 F.3d 1055, 1058 (9th Cir. 1999). Therefore, petitioner's		
motion to vacate will be denied.		
Accordingly,		
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the petitioner's motion to		
vacate pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 2255 (doc. # 50) be, and the same hereby is, DENIED.		
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the government's motion to dismiss (doc. # 54) is		
GRANTED.		
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the government's motion to stay (doc. # 52) is DENIED		
as moot.		
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that petitioner's motion for a time reduction pursuant to 28		
U.S.C. section 2255 (doc. # 58) is DENIED.		
DATED May 13, 2014.		
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE		
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE		

James C. Mahan U.S. District Judge